



**MM23SC4432
256Byte EEPROM with
write protect function**

26 October 2005

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256 BYTE EEPROM With Write Protect Function

Features

- Standard CMOS process
- 256 x 8 bits EEPROM organization
- Byte-wise addressing
- Irreversible byte-wise write protection of lowest 32 addresses (Byte 0..31)
- Single 5V power supply for read and write/ erase
- Low power operation: 3mA typical active current
- 2.5ms programming time
- 2-wire serial interface
- End of processing indication
- ISO standard 7816 compatible
- High reliability:
 - 1,000,000 erase/ write cycles guaranteed
 - 10 years data retention
- Wide operating temperature range, 0 to 70°C

Description

MM23SC4432 contains 256 x 8 bits of EEPROM main memory and a 32 x 1 bit protection PROM memory. The main memory can be randomly accessed byte by byte. During memory erase, all 8 bits of a byte are set to logical one. During memory write, individual bit(s) are set to logical zeros depend on the data value to be written. Normally, a data change may consist of an erase and then write operation. The write or erase operation takes at least 2.5ms to complete.

The first 32 bytes (Address: 0 to 31) in memory are irreversibly protected by the corresponding 32 protect bits in the 32 x 1 bit protection memory. The 32 protect bits are one-time programmable and cannot be erased once they are set to logical zero.

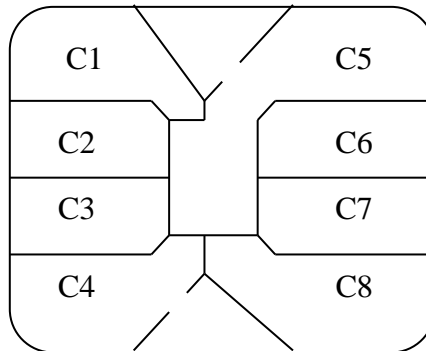


Figure 1: Pin Configuration for M2

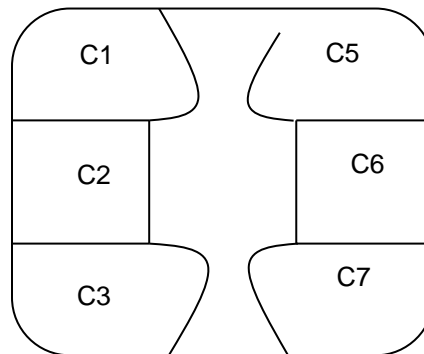


Figure 1a: Pin Configuration for M3

Definitions and Functions

Card Contact	Symbol	Description
C1	VCC	Supply Voltage
C2	RST	Reset
C3	CLK	Clock Input
C4	NC	No Connect
C5	GND	Ground
C6	NC	No Connect
C7	I/O	Bidirectional Data I/O (Open drain)
C8	NC	No Connect

Note: An external pull up resistor is needed to be connected to the I/O pin.

Memory Overview

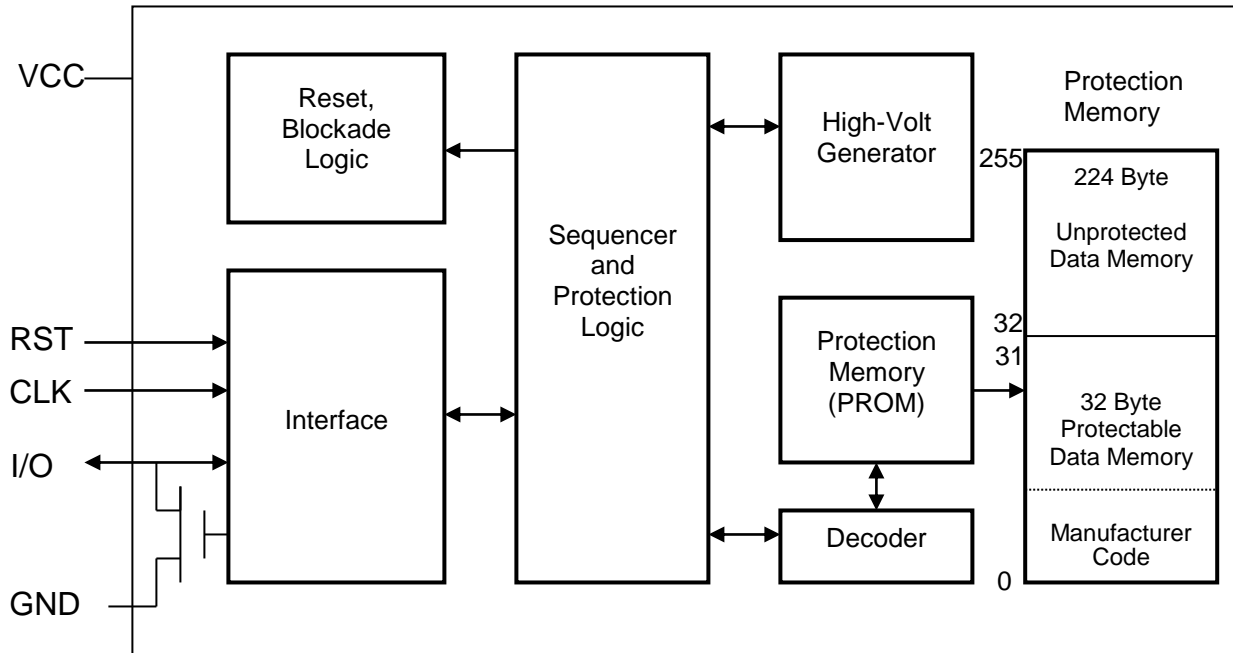


Figure 2: Memory Overview

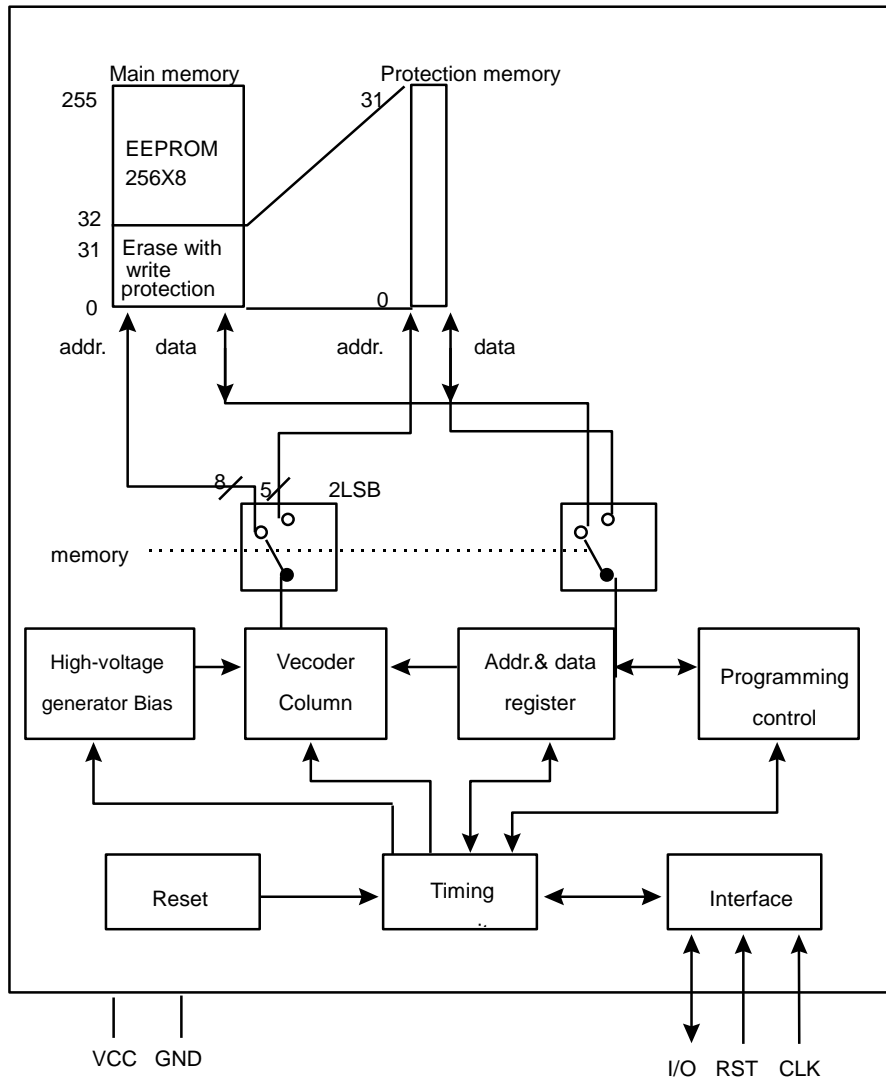
Functional Description

The MM23SC4432 works on a 2-wire serial transmission protocol. Data is input or output from the chip through the I/O pin at the falling edge of CLK. There are four modes of operations:

- Reset and Answer-to-Reset
- Command Mode
- Outgoing Data Mode
- Processing Mode

Reset and Answer-to-Reset

The Answer-to-Reset operation conforms to ISO 7816-3 ATR standard. The reset action can be invoked at any time during operation to terminate any active command operation. With RST keeps High, the internal address counter is set to zero by the CLK pulse. The LSB of the first byte data in the memory will be output from I/O when RST goes from High to Low. By continuing to send pluses to CLK, the contents of the first four bytes will be output from I/O pin. After the ATR process completes, the I/O pin will be set to high impedance.

Block Diagram

Functional Description

The MM23SC4432 contains 256 bytes EEPROM main memory (see block diagram) and 32 bits protection memory. The main memory is byte-wise erased and written. When the memory is erased, 8 bits of a data byte are all set to logic 1. When the memory is written, a data byte can be programmed bit by bit set to logic 0 according to the logic and between the old and the new data. Generally, updating a data includes an erase and write procedure. When updated, new input data and the contents of the old data are compared so that if none of the 8 bits requires a logic 0 to 1 change the erase operation will be skipped. On the contrary, the write operation will be skipped if no logic 1 to 0 change is necessary. Write and erase operation takes at least 2.5ms each.

The first 32 bytes can be protected individually by writing the corresponding bit in the protection memory. Each data byte in the address range and its assigned bit in the protection memory have the same address. Once the protection bit is written it cannot be erased.

Transmission Protocol

Transmission Mode

The transmission protocol is a two-wire link protocol between the interface device IFD and IC. The protocol type is "S=10". All data changes on I/O are triggered by the falling edge on CLK.

The transmission protocol is composed of the 4 modes:

- Reset and answer-to-reset
- Command mode
- Data output mode
- Processing mode

Reset and Answer-To-Reset

Answer-To-Reset takes place according to ISO7816-3. During operation, the reset can be given at any time. During reset, the address counter is set to zero; when RST is set from high level to low level, the lowest bit of the first byte is read out on I/O. Under continuous 31 clock pulses the contents of the first 4 bytes EEPROM addresses can be read out. The 33rd clock pulse set I/O to high impedance. During Answer-To-Reset, any start and stop condition is ignored.

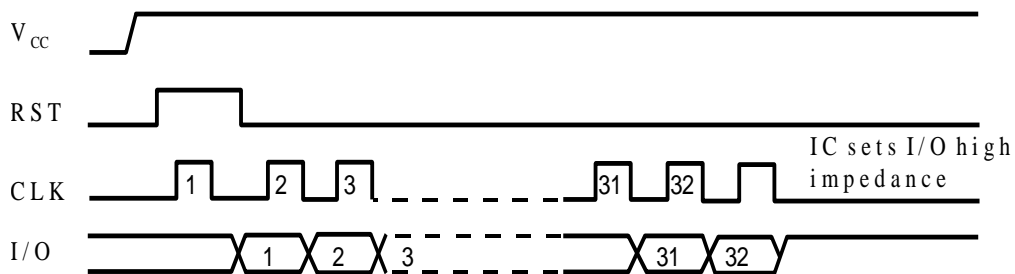


Figure 3: Reset and Answer-To-Reset

Command Mode

After Answer-To-Reset, MM23SC4432 waits for a command entry. Each command begins with a start condition, includes three bytes command entry and ends of a stop condition.

- Start condition: during CLK in high level, a falling edge on I/O
- Stop condition: during CLK in high level, a rising edge on I/O

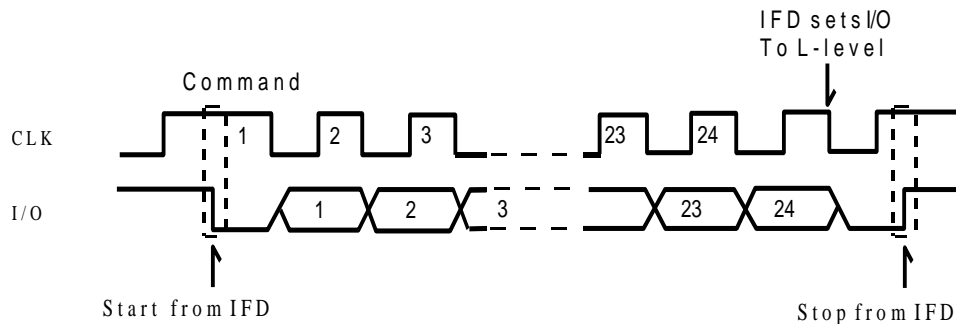


Figure 4: Command Mode

- After receiving a command, there are two possible modes:
- Data output mode for reading
- Processing mode for writing and erasing

Data Output Mode

In reading, the chip sends the data to IFD. Figure 5 shows the timing diagram. After the first falling edge on CLK, the first bit on I/O is valid. After the last data bit, an additional CLK pulse is necessary in order to set I/O to high level for receiving a new command. During this mode any start and stop condition is ignored.

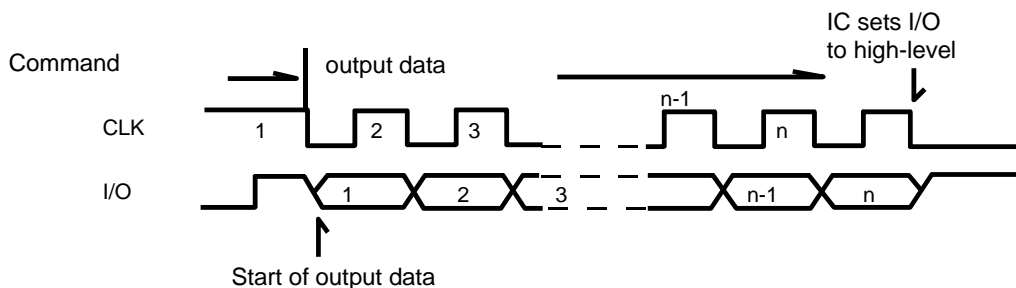


Figure 5: Data Output Mode

Processing Mode

During processing, the chip processes internally. Figure 6 shows the timing diagram. The IFD has to send clock to the chip continuously until I/O is set to high level which has been set to low level on the first falling edge of CLK. During this mode any start and stop condition is ignored.

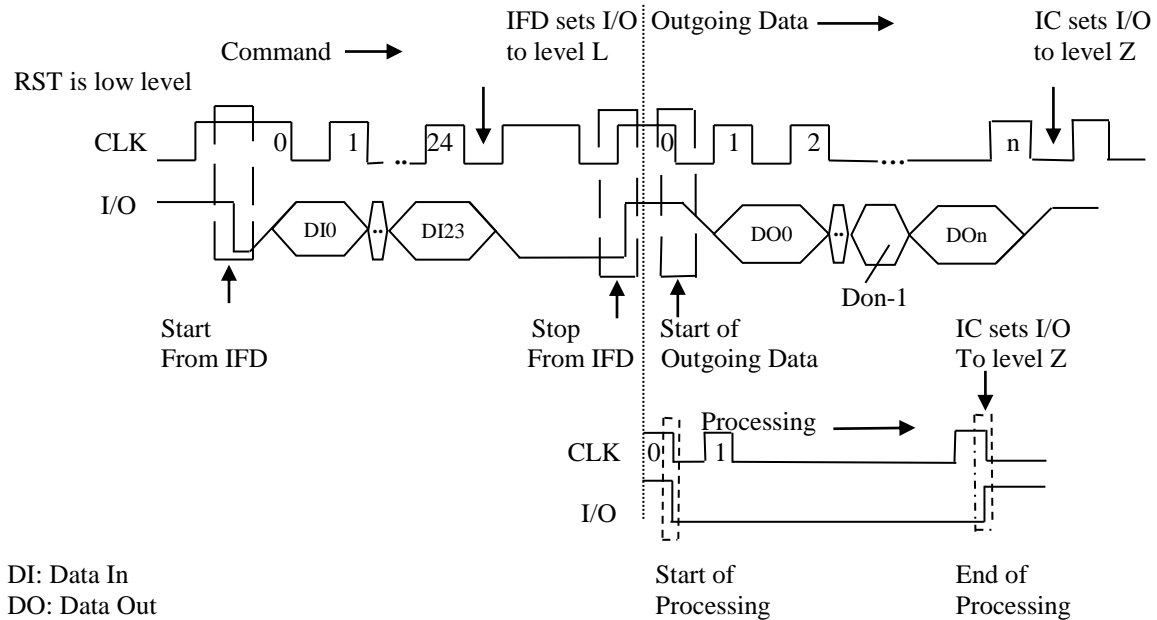


Figure 6: Processing Mode

Commands

Command Format

MM23SC4432 provide seven commands that are listed in Table1. Every command consists of three bytes.

MSB	Control							LSB	MSB	Address							LSB	MSB	Data							LSB
B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0			

Command transmission begins with the control byte LSB.

Table 1

Control of Byte 1	Address of Byte2	Data of Byte3	Operation	Mode
B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0	A7~A0	D7~D0		
0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0	Address	No effect	Read Main Memory	Output Data
0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0	Address	Input Data	Update Main Memory	Processing
0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0	No effect	No effect	Read Protection Memory	Output Data
0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	Address	Input data	Write Protection Memory	Processing

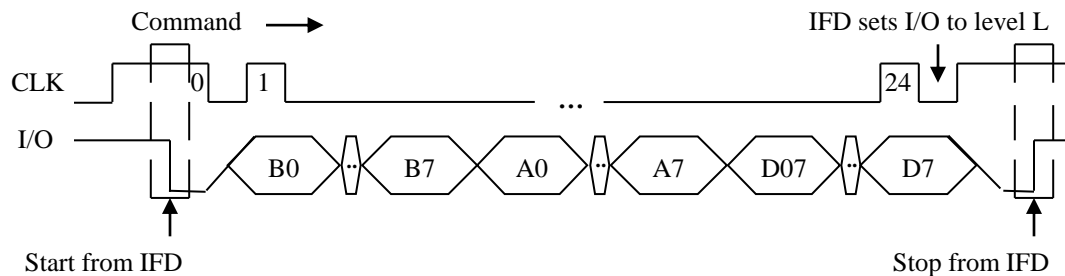


Figure 7: Command Mode

Command Description

Read Main Memory

The command reads out the memory contents from the given address (N) to the last address of the memory (with LSB first). After the command entry, the IFD has to provide sufficient clock pulses. The number of the clock pulse = $(256-N) \times 8 + 1$. The main memory can always be read.

Address (decimal)	Main Memory	Protection Memory
255	Data Byte 255 (D7...D0)	-
:	:	-
32	Data Byte 32 (D7...D0)	-
31	Data Byte 31 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 31 (D31)
:	:	:
1	Data Byte 1 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 1 (D1)
0	Data Byte 0 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 0 (D0)

	Control								Address	Data
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	A7...A0	D7...D0
Binary	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	Address	No Effect
Hexadecimal	30H								00H...FFH	No Effect

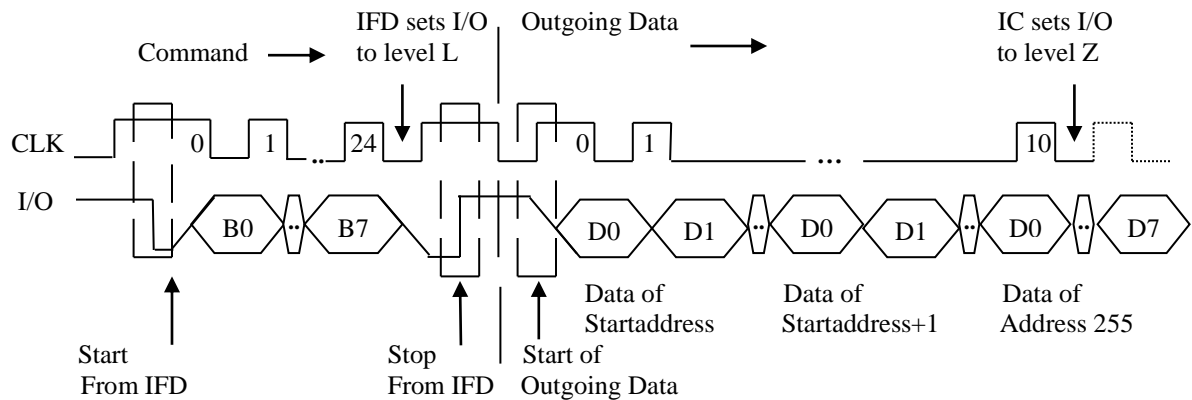


Figure 8: Read Main Memory

Read Protection Memory

The command reads out 32 bits to I/O on continuous 32 clock pulses. By an additional clock pulse the I/O is set to high level. The protection memory can always be read.

Address (decimal)	Main Memory	Protection Memory
255	Data Byte 255 (D7...D0)	-
:	:	-
32	Data Byte 32 (D7...D0)	-
31	Data Byte 31 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 31 (D31)
:	:	:
1	Data Byte 1 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 1 (D1)
0	Data Byte 0 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 0 (D0)

	Control								Address	Data
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	A7...A0	D7...D0
Binary	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	No Effect	No Effect
Hexadecimal	34 _H								No Effect	No Effect

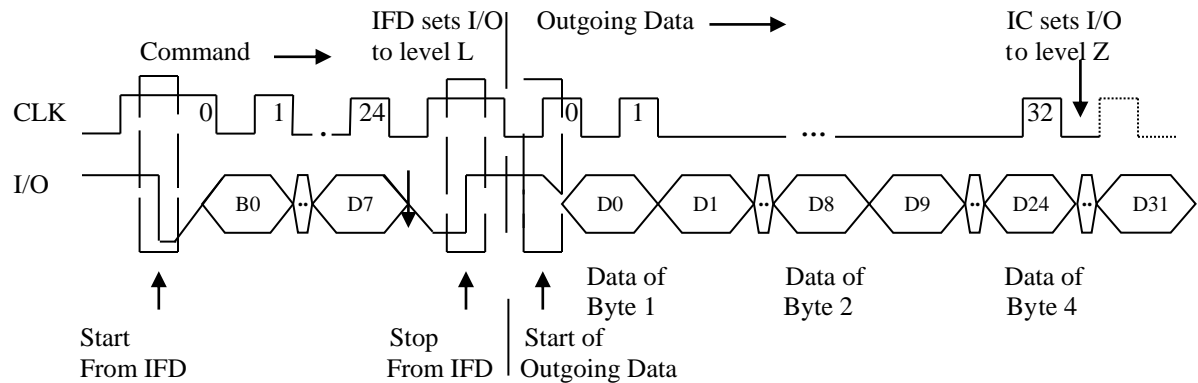


Figure 9: Read Protection Memory

Update Main Memory

The command programs the addressed EEPROM byte with the given data byte. Depending on the old and the new data, one of the following operations will take place during processing mode.

- Erase and write (5ms) corresponding to $m=255$ clock pulses
- Write only (2.5ms) corresponding to $m=124$ clock pulses
- Erase only (2.5ms) corresponding to $m=124$ clock pulses
(Frequency of clock=50 kHz)

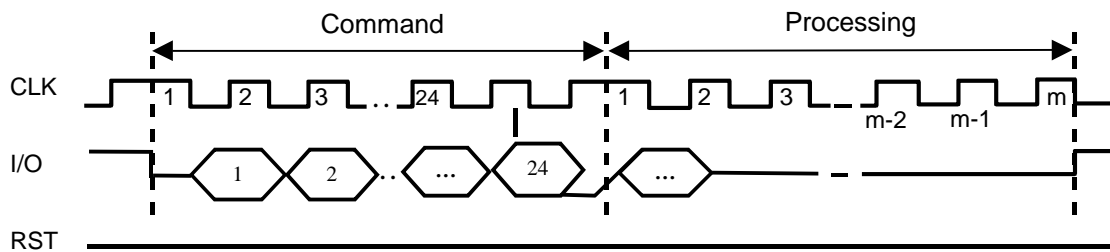


Figure 11: Update Main Memory

Address (decimal)	Main Memory	Protection Memory
255	Data Byte 255 (D7...D0)	-
:	:	-
32	Data Byte 32 (D7...D0)	-
31	Data Byte 31 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 31 (D31)
:	:	:
1	Data Byte 1 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 1 (D1)
0	Data Byte 0 (D7...D0)	Protection Bit 0 (D0)

	Control								Address	Data
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	A7...A0	D7...D0
Binary	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	Address	Input Data
Hexadecimal	38 _H								00 _H ...FF _H	Input Data

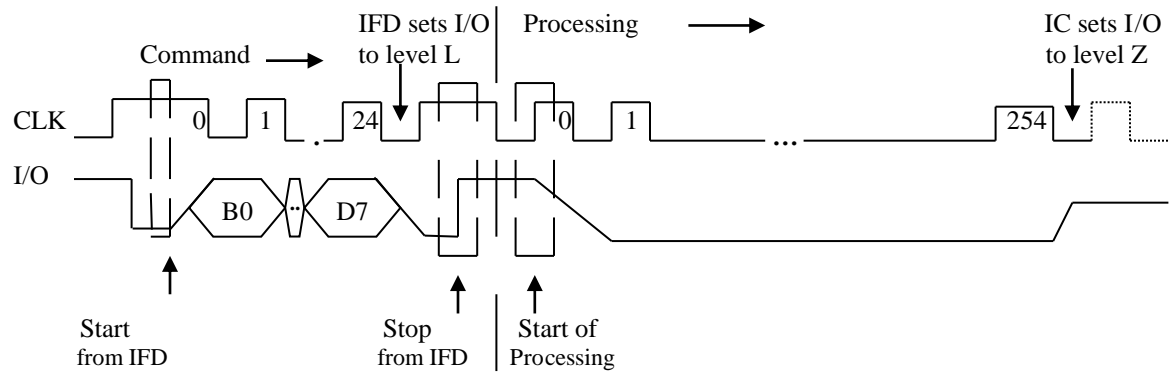


Figure 12: Erase and Write Main Memory

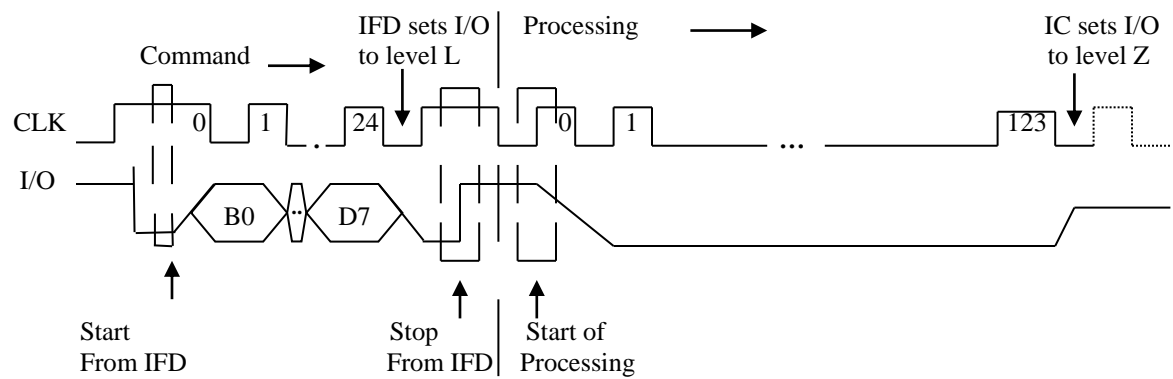


Figure 13: Erase or Write Main Memory

Write Protection Memory

The execution of this command includes a comparison of the given data byte and the assigned byte in the main memory. If the result is data identity, the protection bit is written so that the corresponding data byte in the main memory is unchangeable. If the result is differences, the protection bit cannot be written. The execution time and clock pulses are the same as that of update main memory.

Address (decimal)	Protection Memory
255	-
:	-
32	-
31	Protection Bit 31 (D31)
:	:
1	Protection Bit 1 (D1)
0	Protection Bit 0 (D0)

	Control							
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Binary	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
Hexadecimal	3C _H							

Reset Mode

Reset and Answer-To-Reset

Power on Reset

After power on, I/O is high level. A read operation or an Answer-To-Reset must be carried out before any data can be altered.

Break

If RST is set to high level while CLK is low level, any operation is aborted and I/O is switched to high level. To trigger a defined valid reset the necessary minimum duration is $t_{RES}=5\mu s$. After break, the IC is ready for further operations.

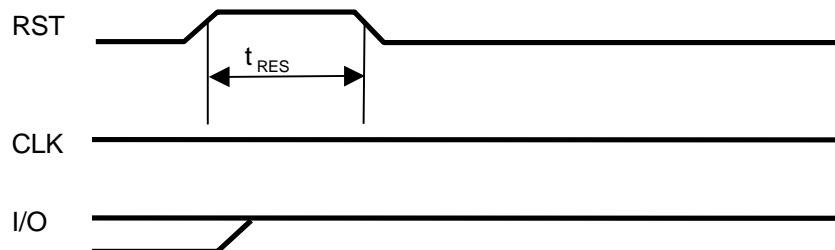


Figure 16: Break

Failures

Behavior of failures:

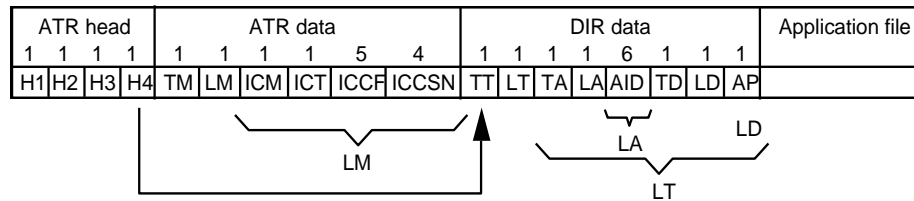
In case of one of the following failures, the chip sets the I/O to high level after 8 clock pulses at the latest.

Possible failures:

- Wrong number of command clock pulse
- Write /erase access to already protected bytes
- Rewrite and erase a protection bit

Coding of the Chip

For security purpose, every chip is irreversibly coded by a scheme. By this way fraud and misuse is excluded. As an example, Figure 17 and Figure 18 show ATR and Directory Data of Structure 1. When transported, ATR header, ICM and ICT are programmed. My-MS programs the IC manufacturer identifier (ICM), IC type (ICT)... My-MS can also program other code depending on the agreement with the customer.



AID	Application identifier	ICCF	Card fabricator id.	LM	Length of manufacter data
AP	Appl. personalizer identifier	ICCSN	Card serial number	LT	Length of application template
ATR	Answer-to-Reset	ICM	IC manufacturer	TA	Tag of AZD
DIR	Directory	ICT	IC type	TD	Tag of discretionary data
H1,H2	Protocol bytes	LA	Length of AID	TM	Tag of manufacter data
H3,H4	ATR historical bytes	LD	Length of data	TT	Tag of application data

Figure 17: Synchronous Transmission ATR and Directory Data

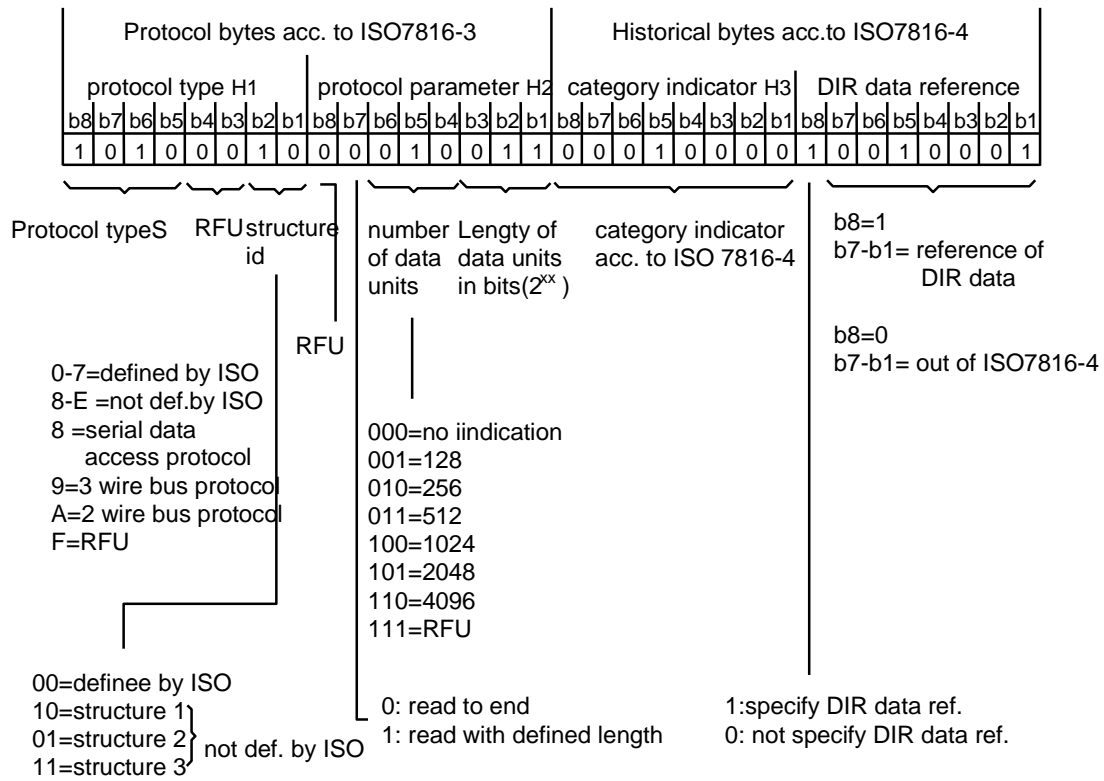


Figure 18: Output Mode

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit
		min.	typ.	max	
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	-	6	V
Input voltage	V _I	-0.3	-	6	V
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-40	-	125	°C
Power dissipation	T _{TOT}	0	-	70	mW
Temperature	T _a	0	-	70	°C

DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit
		min	typ.	max	
Supply					
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply current	I _{CC}	-	3	10	mA
Data input					
H input voltage(I/O,CLK,RST,SELECT)	V _H	V _{CC} -1	-	V _{CC} +0.3	V
L input voltage(I/O,CLK,RST,SELECT)	V _L	V _{GND} -0.2	-	V _{GND} +0.8	V
H input current (I/O,CLK,RST)	I _H	-	-	50	μA
Data output(I/O)					
L output current	I _L	1	-	-	mA
H current leakage	I _H	-	-	50	μA
Capacitance					
Input capacitance	C _I	-	-	10	pF

AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Limits		Unit
		min	max	
Clock frequency	CLK	7	50	kHz
Clock high period	t _H	9		μs
Clock low period	t _L	9		μs
Rise time	t _R		1	μs
Full time	t _F		1	μs
Start condition hold time	t _{d1}	4		μs
Delay time	t _{d2}		2.5	μs
Stop condition ,setup time	t _{d3}	4		μs
Data hold time	t _{d5}	1		μs
Data setup time	t _{d7}	1		μs
Start condition, setup time	t _{d8}	4		μs
Reset	t _{RES}	5		μs
Delay time	T _{d9}	2.5		μs
Erase time	t _{ER}	2.5*		ms
Write time	T _{wr}	2.5*		ms
Interval before new start condition	t _{buf}	10		μs

*f=50kHz

ORDERING INFORMATION

Temperature Range: 0° to +70°C

Order Part Number	Package
MM23SC 4432 - SW	Sorted wafer (standard wafer)
MM23SC 4432 - SN	Sawn wafer (on a ring after backgrinding to 7 mil or specified)
MM23SC 4432 - DW	Die in wafer pack (after backgrinding and saw)
MM23SC 4432 - M2	On a module M2 - 8 pins
MM23SC 4432 - M3	On a module M3 - 6 pins

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MALAYSIA MICROELECTRONIC SOLUTIONS
Suite B-03-06, 3rd Floor, Block B,
No. 9 Jalan 11/16, Off Jalan Damansara,
Phileo Damansara 1, 46350 Petaling Jaya,
Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

Tel: +603 8318 1011

Fax: +603 8318 1012

URL: <http://www.my-ms.com/>

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